### SHIP EARTH STATIONS

### § 80.377 Frequencies for ship earth stations.

The frequency band 1626.5–1645.5 MHz is assignable for communication, radio-determination and telecommand messages, and developmental operations that are associated with the position, orientation and operational functions of maritime satellite equipment. The frequency band 1645.5–1646.5 MHz is reserved for use in the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS).

[51 FR 31213, Sept. 2, 1986, as amended at 57 FR 26779, June 16, 1992]

### AIRCRAFT STATIONS

### §80.379 Maritime frequencies assignable to aircraft stations.

This section describes the maritime frequencies assignable to aircraft stations for simplex operations:

(a) Available frequencies:

| Carrier fre-<br>quency  | Conditions of use   |
|---|---|
| 2738 kHz<br>2830 kHz<br>3023 kHz<br>4125 kHz<br>5680 kHz<br>121.500 MHz<br>156.300 MHz<br>156.375 MHz<br>156.400 MHz<br>156.400 MHz | (1)<br>(1)<br>(2)<br>(3)<br>(2)<br>(4)<br>(4)<br>(5)<br>(5)<br>(5)<br>(5) |
| 156.625 MHz<br>156.800 MHz<br>156.900 MHz<br>157.100 MHz<br>157.425 MHz   | (5)<br>(5)<br>(5)<br>(5)<br>(6)<br>(5)(7)                                 |

- (b) The conditions of use of the carrier frequencies in paragraph (a) of this section, are:
- (1) For permissible geographic areas of operation see §80.373(b)(1). For other limitations see §80.373(b)(7):
- (2) Aircraft and ship stations may use 3023.0 kHz and 5680.0 kHz for search and rescue scene-of-action coordination including communications between these stations and participating land stations. Stations using these frequencies must use J3E emission;
- (3) Assignable for distress and safety communications between aircraft and maritime mobile stations;

- (4) Assignable for search and rescue between ships and aircraft. Stations using these frequencies must use A3E emission:
- (5) These frequencies may be used by aircraft stations when:
- (i) The altitude of aircraft stations does not exceed 300 meters (1,000 feet), except for reconnaissance aircraft participating in icebreaking operations where an altitude of 450 meters (1,500 feet) is allowed;
- (ii) The mean power of aircraft stations must not exceed five watts;
- (iii) Communications are limited to operations in which the maritime mobile stations are primarily involved and where direct communications between the aircraft and the ship or coast station is required;
- (iv) Stations may use 156.300 MHz for safety purposes only;
- (v) Stations may use 156.800 MHz for distress, safety and calling only; and
- (vi) Use of 156.375 MHz by aircraft is not permitted in the New Orleans VTS area specified in \$80.383.
- (6) The use of 157.100 MHz is limited to communications with stations of the Department of Interior at Lake Mead, Nevada; and
- (7) Commercial fishing vessels and associated aircraft may use 157.425 MHz while engaged in commercial fishing activities except within 120 km (75 miles) of the United States/Canada border and Puget Sound and the Strait of Juan de Fuca and its approaches, the Great Lakes, and the St. Lawrence Seaway.

[51 FR 31213, Sept. 2, 1986, as amended at 58 FR 44953, Aug. 25, 1993]

#### OPERATIONAL FIXED STATIONS

# §80.381 Frequencies for operational fixed stations.

The following carrier frequencies in the 72-76 MHz band are assignable to operational fixed stations using vertical polarization, if no harmful interference is caused to TV reception on Channels 4 and 5. These frequencies are shared with the Land Mobile and Aviation Radio Services.

#### § 80.383

### OPERATIONAL FIXED FREQUENCIES IN THE 72-76 MHz BAND

#### CARRIER FREQUENCY IN MHZ

| 72.02 | 72.28 | 72.64 | 72.90 | 75.68 | 75.94 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 72.04 | 72.30 | 72.66 | 72.92 | 75.70 | 75.96 |
| 72.06 | 72.32 | 72.68 | 72.94 | 75.72 | 75.98 |
| 72.08 | 72.34 | 72.70 | 72.96 | 75.74 |       |
| 72.10 | 72.36 | 72.72 | 72.98 | 75.76 |       |
| 72.12 | 72.38 | 72.74 | 75.42 | 75.78 |       |
| 72.14 | 72.40 | 72.76 | 75.46 | 75.80 |       |
| 72.16 | 72.42 | 72.78 | 75.50 | 75.82 |       |
| 72.18 | 72.46 | 72.80 | 75.54 | 75.84 |       |
| 72.20 | 72.50 | 72.82 | 75.58 | 75.86 |       |
| 72.22 | 72.54 | 72.84 | 75.62 | 75.88 |       |
| 72.24 | 72.58 | 72.86 | 75.64 | 75.90 |       |
| 72.26 | 72.62 | 72.88 | 75.66 | 75.92 |       |
|       |       |       |       |       |       |

[51 FR 31213, Sept. 2, 1986, as amended at 54 FR 40059, Sept. 29, 1989]

VESSEL TRAFFIC SERVICES SYSTEM (VTS)

## §80.383 Vessel Traffic Services (VTS) system frequencies.

This section describes the carrier frequencies available for use in the Coast Guard Vessel Traffic Services (VTS) systems within the designated geographic radio protected areas.

(a) Assigned frequencies:

VESSEL TRAFFIC CONTROL FREQUENCIES

| Carrier frequencies (MHz) | Geographic areas   |  |  |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| 156.250<br>156.550        | Seattle.  New York, New Orleans,¹ Houston, Prince William Sound,³ Berwick Bay. |  |  |
| 156.600                   | New York, New Orleans, Houston,<br>San Francisco, Sault Ste. Marie.            |  |  |
| 156.700                   | New York, New Orleans, <sup>1</sup> Seattle,<br>San Francisco. <sup>2</sup>    |  |  |

¹Until further notice, this frequency is available for use as permitted by §80.373(f), notwithstanding the provisions of footnote 3 that are applicable to the VTS system. Availability is a result of the closure of the VTS system for the port area of New Orleans. If the United States Coast Guard re-establishes this system, the Commission may require operations pursuant to such conditional licenses for this frequency to cease, or may choose not to renew such conditional licenses. All licenses for this frequency will be expressly conditioned upon the continued availability of the frequency for non-VTS use.

use.

<sup>2</sup> Private coast station licenses for the use of this frequency will not be renewed beyond November 1, 1997. Continued use until expiration must be on a noninterference basis to Coast Guard VTS communications.

<sup>3</sup> Private coast station licenses for the use of this frequency in this area will expire at the end of the current license term or five years after the adopted date of the final rule, whichever comes first. Continued use until expiration must be on a noninterference basis to Coast Guard VTS communications.

(b) The U.S. Coast Guard designated radio protection areas for VTS are as follows:

- (1) New York. The rectangle between north latitudes 40 degrees and 42 degrees and west longitudes 71 degrees and 74 degrees 30 minutes;
- (2) New Orleans. The rectangle between North latitudes 27 degrees 30 minutes and 31 degrees 30 minutes and West longitudes 87 degrees 30 minutes and 93 degrees;
- (3) Houston. The rectangle between north latitudes 28 degrees 30 minutes and 30 degrees 20 minutes and west longitudes 93 degrees 30 minutes and 96 degrees;
- (4) Seattle (Puget Sound). The area encompassed between the United States-Canadian border and a line drawn from 49 degrees North 121 degrees West on the United States-Canadian Border, to 46 degrees 30 minutes North 121 degrees West, then to 46 degrees 30 minutes North 125 degrees West, then to 48 degrees 30 minutes North 125 degrees West, and then east to the United States-Canadian Border;
- (5) San Francisco. The rectangle between north latitudes 39 degrees and 37 degrees and west longitudes 120 degrees 50 minutes and 123 degrees 20 minutes; and
- (6) Prince William Sound. The rectangle between North latitudes 61 degrees 17 minutes and 59 degrees 22 minutes and West longitudes 149 degrees 39 minutes and 145 degrees 36 minutes.
- (7) Sault Ste. Marie. The rectangle between North latitudes 45 degrees and 47 degrees, and West longitudes 83 degrees and 85 degrees.
- (8) Berwick Bay. The rectangle between North latitudes 28 degrees 30 minutes and 30 degrees 30 minutes, and West longitudes 90 degrees 50 minutes and 92 degrees.
- (c) The use of the frequencies shown in paragraph (a) of this section is permitted in areas outside the Coast Guard radio protection areas provided there is no interference to VTS communications within the VTS areas.

[51 FR 31213, Sept. 2, 1986, as amended at 52 FR 35245, Sept. 18, 1987; 54 FR 8746, Mar. 2, 1989; 55 FR 46514, Nov. 5, 1990; 58 FR 16504, Mar. 29, 1993; 61 FR 26120, May 24, 1996; 61 FR 26466, May 28, 1996]